

# Operating Instructions

## Melt pressure transducer DAIP

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### 1. Introduction

Melt pressure transducers are precise measuring probes which obtain their measuring accuracy and long life span only if they are properly handled. These operating instructions should be studied carefully before installing the sensor, thus ensuring a trouble-free operation. Nevertheless, should you encounter any difficulties, please feel free to contact our service technicians, who will be pleased to be of assistance.

### 2. Operating range and field of application

Gneuss melt pressure transducers have exclusively been designed for the pressure monitoring of liquid, doughy or pasty materials at high temperatures. These must have a homogeneous constitution. The application area has to be selected in such a manner, that a max. Differential pressure of 2% of the measuring range - based on the diaphragm surface- is not exceeded. Any use beyond the above mentioned application area does not conform to regulations.

### 3. Danger areas

In the complete application area of the melt pressure transducer, there is a risk of combustion. If the pressure transducer is not installed or uninstalled correctly during the applying of pressure there is a risk of hot media emerging.

### 4. Waste disposal

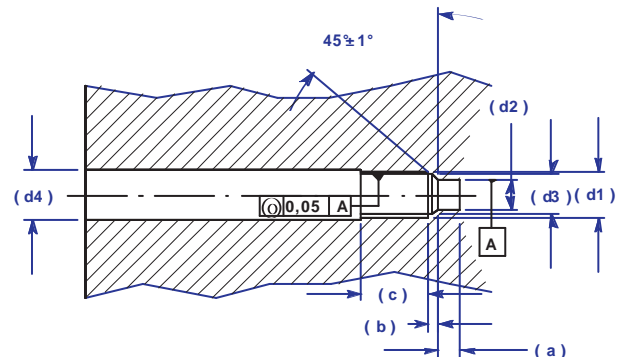
Pressure transducers filled with mercury, have to be disposed of as hazardous waste. A free of charge and ecologically-friendly disposal can be carried out by Gneuss Kunststofftechnik GmbH.

### 5. Transport and storage

Gneuss pressure transducers are generally dispatched in separate packages. In case of mechanical exposure, the sensing diaphragm is protected by an aluminium cap. This cap should be screwed on at all times of storage.

## 6. Cleaning of the sensors

In order to clean the diaphragm, the sealing surface and the process thread the sensor must have the same temperature as the plastic melting point. The diaphragm and the sealing surface can be wiped down with a soft cloth, the thread can be cleaned with a steel brush. **(Do not come into contact with the diaphragm surface).**



## 7. Installing / Uninstalling

### Installing

On installation of the pressure transducer it is imperative to note, that the sensor bore corresponds to the dimensions mentioned below. The fitting accuracy can be checked by means of a test bolt.

Prior to mounting the sensor, the thread should be covered with a heat resistant paste. Should the machinery with the sensor drilling still be at production temperature, a certain preheating period for the sensor should be taken into consideration, in order to avoid a seizing of the sensor due to thermal expansion.

On mounting the transducer, it is important to note that the sensor is not screwed in at an angle and that the sensor does not fall into the bore.

Starting torque for 1/2-20 UNF = max. 30 Nm

Starting torque for M 18 x 1,5 = max. 50 Nm

### Uninstalling

The uninstalling of the pressure transducer has to be done in a heated up condition (plastic melting point) On removal of the sensor, please take note that the diaphragm is not brought into contact.

<b>d1</b>	<b>M18x1,5</b>	<b>1/2"20UNF 2A</b>
<b>d2</b>	<b>Ø 10,1 +0,05</b>	<b>Ø 7,9 +0,05</b>
<b>d3</b>	<b>Ø 16,1 +0,1</b>	<b>Ø 10,7 +0,1</b>
<b>d4</b>	<b>Ø 20 +0,2</b>	<b>Ø 13 +0,2</b>
<b>a</b>	<b>6,1 -0,1</b>	<b>5,7 -0,1</b>
<b>b</b>	<b>4 -0,2</b>	<b>3,2 -0,2</b>
<b>c</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>19</b>

## 8. Connections and commissioning

After the pressure transducer has been installed into the line, as described in section 7, the electrical connections have to be applied according to the connections indicated on page 9. Gneuss pressure transducers are equipped with high quality and robust plug connections. The connecting wire should be soldered with great care as transmission errors of signals can otherwise occur. We recommend using Gneuss prefabricated connecting wires which are available ex-stock.

Pressure sensors of the type DAI are fitted with an integrated pressure amplifier, which depending on version can offer a standard signal in accordance to the pressure range. On commissioning, the sensor must be calibrated to the corresponding evaluation unit. The calibration process must be carried out when the line is heated and at zero pressure. Please proceed as described below.

After installation and sufficient warming-up period of the pressure sensor a zero- adjustment of the sensor has to be performed by activating the AUTO ZERO function.

The AUTO ZERO function is either performed by a short activation of the optional AUTO ZERO button (sunken, next to the cable connector) or by temporarily connecting the corresponding lead wires. (See wiring diagram).

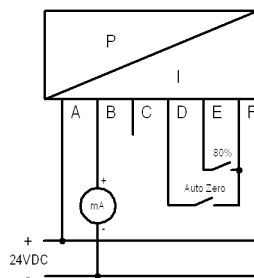
The integrated amplifier will thereafter transmit the starting value of its output scale (0V at 0...10V, 0mA at 0...20mA and 4mA at 4...20mA output signal. Function is suppressed, if the output signal is more than 5% of the maximum value.

Afterwards an 80% inspection of the output signal can be performed. All corresponding lead wires need to be connected for this procedure (see wiring diagram). The pressure sensor will now supply a signal which is according to 80% of the measuring value.

## Electrical wiring configuration 2-Wire sensor

4...20mA

Connector type **PT02A-10-6P**



Pin	Function	Colour coding (Gneuss - cable)
A	Supply / Signal +	yellow
B	Supply / Signal -	white
C	free	brown
D	Auto Zero	green
E	80%	pink
F	Auto Zero / 80% -	grey

Pin D and Pin F are utilised for the activation of the Auto-Zero function. The Zero-point is hereby merely shifted. The signal amplification is not affected, as it is shifted linear to the zero point.

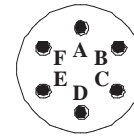
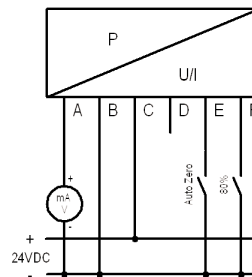
In order to generate the 80% signal, pins E and F must be connected.

## Electrical wiring configuration 3-Wire Sensor

0...10V

0/4...20mA

Connector type **PT02A-10-6P**



Pin	Function	Colour coding (Gneuss - cable)
A	Signal +	yellow
B	Supply / Signal/ Auto Zero -	white
C	Supply +	brown
D	free	green
E	Auto Zero	pink
F	80% -	grey

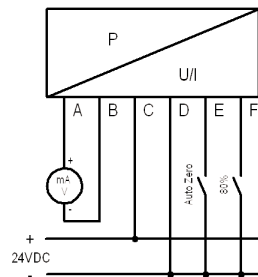
In order for the Auto-Zero function to be activated, pins E and B have to be connected with each other. Only the Zero-point is shifted. The signal amplification remains untouched, as it shifts linear to the zero-point. In order to generate the 80% signal, pins F and B must be connected.

## Electrical wiring configuration **4-Wire Sensor**

0...10V

0/4...20mA

Connector type **PT02A-10-6P**



Pin	Function	Colour coding (Gneuss - cable)
A	Signal +	yellow
B	Signal / Auto Zero - *	white
C	Supply +	brown
D	Supply / Auto Zero - *	green
E	Auto Zero	pink
F	80%	grey

\* Pins B and D are connected internally

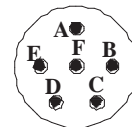
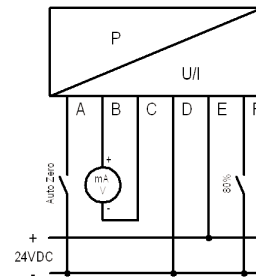
In order to activate the Auto-Zero function, pins A, C and D must be connected. Only the Zero point is shifted. The signal amplification remains in place, as it shifts linear to the zero point. In order to generate the 80% signal, pins F, C and D must be connected.

## Electrical wiring configuration **4-Wire sensor Version 98**

0...10V

0/4...20mA

Connector type **PT02A-98-P**



Pin	Function	Colour coding (Gneuss - cable)
A	Auto Zero	yellow
B	Signal +	white
C	Signal / Auto Zero - *	brown
D	Supply / Auto Zero - *	green
E	Supply +	pink
F	80%	grey

\* Pin C und D are connected internally

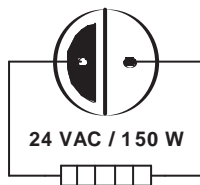
In order to activate the Auto-Zero function, pins A, C and D have to be connected. This leads to a shifting of the zero point. The signal amplification remains in place, as it shifts linear to the zero point. The 80% signal is generated by connecting pins F, C and D.

## Thermo couple connection:



**PCA.0S.302.CLL**  
Thermocouple

## Heater connection:



**PCA.3S.302.CLL**  
Sensor heating

## 9. Sensor Heating

The pressure transducer DAIPremium is a high-efficient sensor with integrated thermocouple and integrated heating element. During the production process, the thermocouple can be used as control measurement at any time. The integrated heating serves to protect the sensor from damage to the membrane when processing problematic plastic melts, e.g. polycarbonate, since these contract very much when cooling down. In the production process, it is sufficient to set the nominal value of the temperature control approx. 30-50°C below the melt temperature. By switching on the heating, the front part of the sensor incl. membrane can be adjusted to such a temperature that the melt in the membrane area remains viscous. Further, the heating can be used to help to remove the sensor out of a "cold" machine. For this, it is normally sufficient to heat up the sensor for approx. 15 to 30 minutes (depending on the temperature).

### Attention:

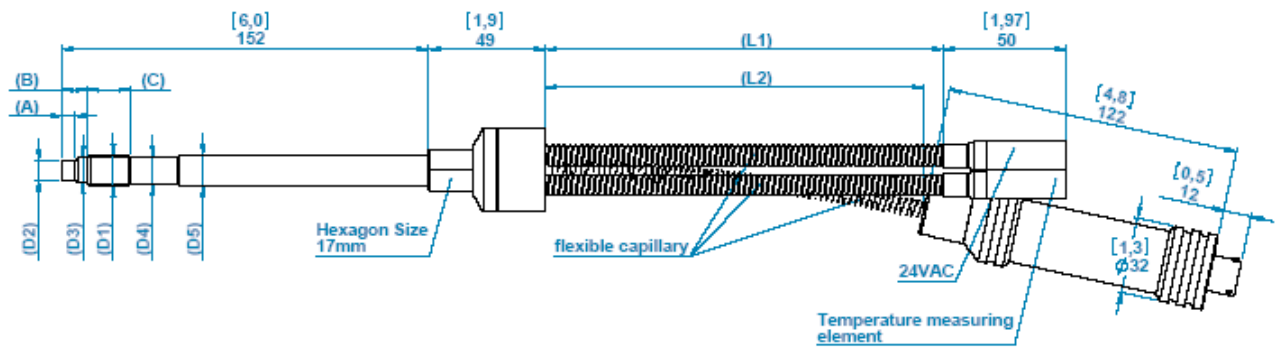
The sensor heating must always be controlled by the integrated thermocouple. The sensor should only be heated up when being installed, otherwise the heating element might be damaged. During the heating process, the temperature level in the whole sensor and drilling area can be very high.

After having installed the pressure transducer in the line as described under point 7, the electrical connection has to be carried out according to the connections indicated section 8.

## 10. Technical Data

Pressure range:	See order specification
Supply:	19...32 VDC
Output signal:	0...10 V; 0...20 mA; 4...20 mA (see order specification)
Temperature element:	Type J; K; L; PT 100 (see order specification)
Heater:	24V 150W
Calibration point:	80% of measuring range
Accuracy:	$\leq \pm 0,50$ % FSO respectively. $\leq \pm 0,25$ % FSO (see order specification)
Maximum over load:	150% of measuring range
Zero deviation with Temperature Variations at the membrane:	$\leq \pm 0,003$ % from final value/°C
Zero deviation with Temperature Variations at the measuring head:	$\leq \pm 0,003$ % from final value/°C
Maximum temperature at The membrane:	400 °C
Maximum. Temperature at The measuring head:	85 °C
EMC:	Electromagnetic disturbances and electromagnetic susceptibility according to EN 61326
Degree of protection:	IP 55

## 11. Dimensions



For available variations see order specification

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\*\*\* For cable exit, please confirm cable length. Unless specified, the standard length will be 3 m.



### Pressure Transducer Premium with V or mA output with temperature measurement, heated

\*\*\* For cable exit, please confirm cable length. Unless specified, the standard length will be 3 m.